

### LANDSCAPE AND OPEN SPACE **ATTENUATION**

The attenuation strategy has been developed in consultation with the drainage engineer. Attenuation capacity relies on a combination of new pond/detention basin, swale features and underground crates. Refer to drainage plan for further details.

Gapped or 'hit and miss' kerbs are used to capture rainwater runoff for planting beds where appropriate.

KEY



### Swales depression and scrapes, from 250 to 400mm depth; fed by hard surface run-off through 'hit and miss kerbs' Permanent water



Basement extents





Multi-utility trench



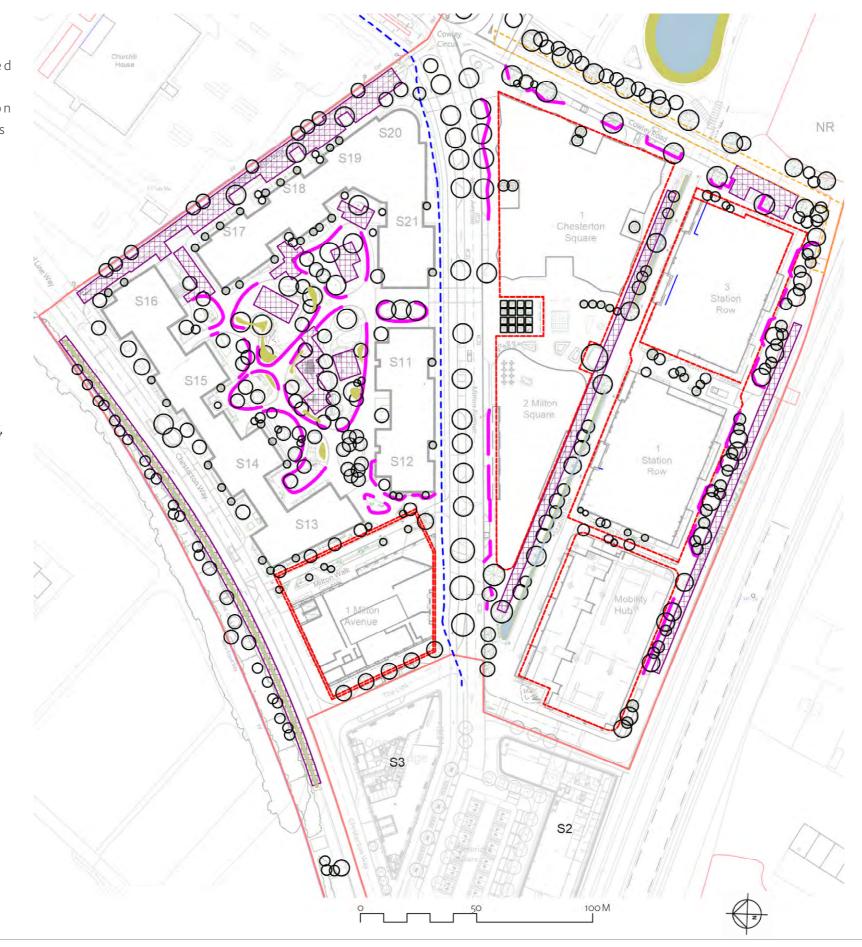
Gapped kerb for passive irrigation from hard surface run-off

Drainage easement to first drain

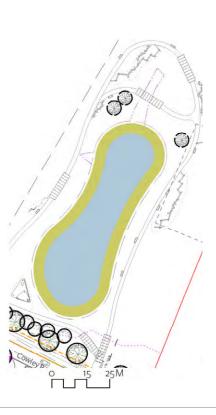
Balancing pond with permanent water



Site boundary



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### LANDSCAPE AND OPEN SPACE LEVELS AND DRAINAGE (WEST)

The site is relatively level overall.

Earthmounds have been added to the residential gardens, ranging from 750mm to 1500mm above the ground level, with slopes no steeper than 1:3.

Slight depressions and scrapes are created in places to vary the relative water capacity and increase the range of planting species.



### Kev

Site boundary

#### o.oo Existing level



Some very close adjacent levels have been omitted for legibilit -0.00 Proposed level Contoured lawn mounds

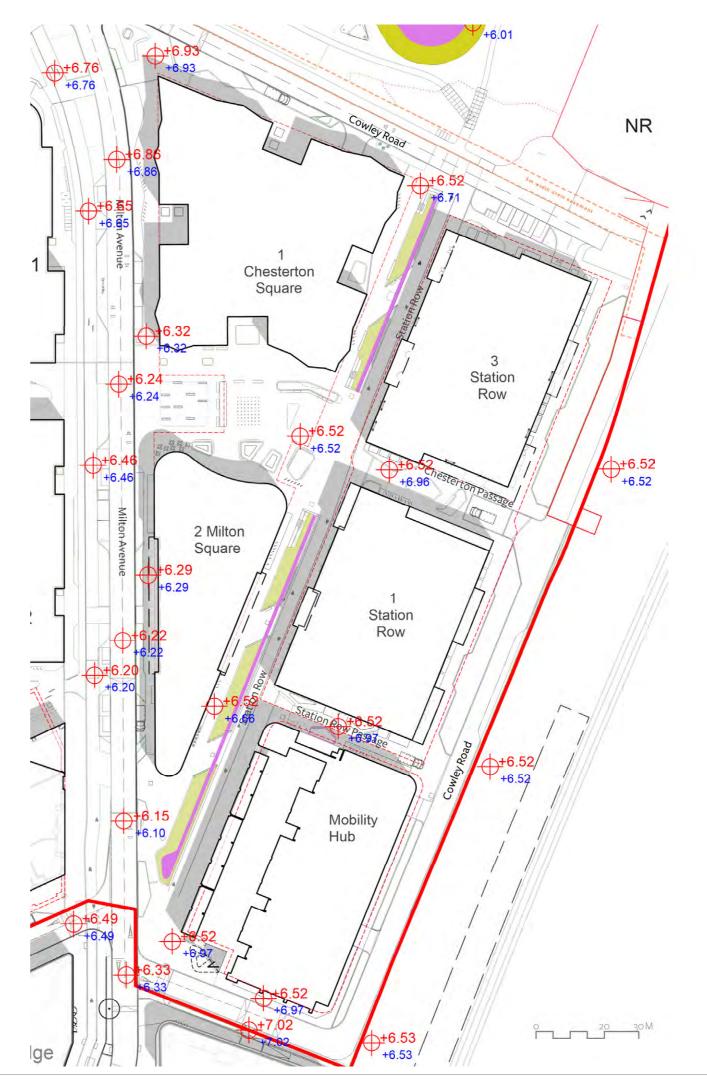
Gradients no steeper than 1:3

Scrapes or small depressions -200 to -500mm below ground level

Linear swale SUDs feature with permanent water at base

# LANDSCAPE AND OPEN SPACE LEVELS AND DRAINAGE (EAST)





## LANDSCAPE AND OPEN SPACE LEVELS AND DRAINAGE





+ 0.00 Existing level



Some very close adjacent levels have been omit -0.00 Proposed level with permanent water at base

> Balancing pond with permanent water. Total depth 1500mm w gradient slopes

Existing 'First Drain' easement 5m easement

