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Homes for our Future

Greater Cambridge Housing Strategy 2019-2023



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Contents Page

		D
		Page
	Forewords	2
1	Introduction	4
2	Vision and Objectives	6
3	Local and National Context	7
4	Priority 1 : Increasing the delivery of homes, including affordable housing, to meet housing need	10
5	Priority 2 : Diversify the housing market and accelerating housing delivery	17
6	Priority 3 : Achieving a high standard of design and quality of new homes and communities	21
7	Priority 4: Improving housing conditions and making best use of existing homes	23
8	Priority 5: Promoting health and wellbeing through housing	26
9	Priority 6: Preventing and tackling homelessness and rough sleeping	28
10	Priority 7 : Working with key partners to innovate and maximise resources available	31
11	References	35
	Annex 1 – Action Plan [to follow post consultation]	
	Annex 2 – Links to Strategies and Plans	
	Annex 3 - Key Statistics	
	Annex 4 – Legislative Changes	
	Annex 5 – Housing Requirements	
	Annex 6 – Homelessness	
	Annex 7 – Resources	
	Annex 8 - Glossary	

Foreword from the Cambridge City Council Executive Councillor for Housing



Richard Johnson
Executive Councillor for Housing

This strategy, jointly produced by Cambridge City and South Cambridgeshire District councils, provides a clear vision of how we can, with the public and other stakeholders, achieve our shared aspiration in providing housing that meets the needs and requirements of the Greater Cambridge area.

Cambridge is a wonderful place to live. But not everyone here currently can have access to affordable, sustainable and good-quality housing. Pressures of a growing and aging population, which in turn will create additional demand, will make this issue more acute. This strategy sets out possible solutions and approaches to overcoming these challenges.

Providing new homes for council rent is Cambridge City Council's number one policy priority, and our main contribution in tackling the housing crisis. The £70 million from government, as part of the devolution deal, has kick-started the process, and will allow us to build at least 500 council homes over the coming years.

The scrapping of the council's Housing Revenue Account borrowing cap will free us to continue to add to this new generation of homes once the devolution funding has been allocated and spent. But the council cannot solve this problem alone. We will work with housing associations, developers, planners and others to tackle the shortage of affordable housing in new and innovative ways. Engagement in other relevant policy areas, such as bringing back empty properties back into use, are also key priorities.

We also need to continue to engage with government, charities and voluntary organisations in addressing, and halting, the rise in rough sleeping and homelessness recorded in recent years. This strategy sets out some of the ways homelessness can be tackled, such as through our 'Housing First' approach which provides intensive support for homeless people with complex or multiple needs.

I am confident that this strategy will succeed in its aim of providing a blueprint for progress over the next few years in delivering the homes we need, as well as identifying additional opportunities for further progress in this important area despite the economic and social challenges ahead.

Foreword from South Cambridgeshire District Council



What we're about

Putting the heart into South Cambridgeshire by:

- Building homes that are affordable to live in
- Helping business to grow
- Being green to our core

Hazel Smith Lead Member for Housing

I am pleased that we are launching our new Housing Strategy which is shared with Cambridge City and paves the way to working together in the future to deliver the homes we need that will support our growing economy in Greater Cambridge.

Whilst the strategy focuses on the levers and influence we have in terms of providing new homes and ensuring our existing homes are in good condition, this strategy is really about our people and communities. We want to ensure that our villages remain vibrant places that are sustainable in the future, by building the new homes that are needed, that are well designed and bring benefits to the existing community. Our focus is on 'affordable living' rather than just affordable housing and we want homes to be close to jobs and as energy efficient as possible so that running costs are cheaper and we are doing our bit for the environment.

We know how difficult it is for young people to get a foot on the housing ladder and we are keen to provide a wider choice of housing options. It is also clear that there are some real recruitment challenges for some local businesses where workers can't afford to live in the area and we want to support those companies to provide targeted new homes.

Planning for an ageing population is also a high priority and we need to be building new homes which are future-proofed in design and technology.

This strategy reflects how important housing is to the health and well-being of residents, the role it plays in building and maintaining strong communities and how housing is entwined with the economic prosperity of the district.

We cannot achieve these ambitions alone, and we will continue to build strong relationships with key partners to deliver on our priorities.

Hazel Smith

Introduction

This Greater Cambridge Housing Strategy brings together the two unique areas of Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire, reflecting their joined-up economy and housing market. Globally renowned for its world-leading scientific research and technology clusters, Cambridge remains top of the UK league for economic growth prospects¹, and the villages in South Cambridgeshire are regularly ranked as one of the best places to live with the highest quality of life in the UK.



Cambridge City and South Cambridge together forms its own unique housing submarket area, with over three quarters of Greater Cambridge workers both living and working in Greater Cambridge². The councils have already been working together for some years now to bring forward large scale mixed tenure developments on the fringes of the city, and are about to embark on developing a new joint Local Plan.



This Strategy looks to build on this joint work and the success of the area, whilst ensuring that we retain the distinctive character of both areas, including historic Cambridge and the rural nature of the villages within South Cambridgeshire. We want Greater Cambridge to remain a place where people want to live. We want it to be a place that is socially inclusive for everyone, young and old, and provides housing that is affordable to all, from those requiring social housing for rent to those aspiring to home ownership. We know that housing is so much more than just bricks and mortar. The impact on health associated with poor housing is well versed, and the functionality of communities is crucial in terms of social interaction and residents' health and wellbeing.

The costs of buying or renting a home and the shortage of homes available for those on low to middle incomes are the main housing pressures for those living and wanting to live in Greater Cambridge. This Strategy sets out how we will ensure we are building the right homes in the right places that people need and can afford, and that when required support is available so that everyone has the opportunity to live settled, healthy lives.

Meeting our objectives cannot be achieved in isolation and working closely with partners is essential. The Strategy acts as a piece of the jigsaw to support the ambitions of both Councils through their Corporate Plans and the Local Plans.^{3 4} It helps to complement

and support a range of existing council strategies and plans, providing a framework for decision making by the two councils in relation to housing issues. For new homes, Priorities 1 & 2 and Annex 5 of the Strategy sets out the housing requirements relevant to all development partners in terms of type, size and tenure and will be a material consideration in making planning decisions.

Whilst this is a Strategy developed collaboratively between Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire, acknowledging the acute pressures in terms of affordability and lack of supply and the high level of growth, there are also specific differences against which each local authority will need to prioritise action. In particular, Cambridge, as well as a significant student population, has a larger proportion of private rented homes and faces high levels of rough sleeping. With even higher house prices and private rent levels in the City than in South Cambridgeshire, delivery of social and affordable rented housing is a particularly high priority for the City Council.

For South Cambridgeshire, ensuring its villages remain vibrant and sustainable, and working with local businesses to ensure homes are affordable and available to local workers are high priorities for the District.

A more detailed action plan will be available at Annex 1 following the consultation.

Vision and Objectives

Healthy, Safe, Affordable: Homes & Communities for All

We want Greater Cambridge to be a place where:

- Everyone has access to a suitable home, and residents are able to live as healthily, safely, and independently as possible.
- The housing market functions effectively, providing homes which are affordable to people on all incomes to meet the needs of residents and support the local economy.
- There is a wide and varied choice of good quality, sustainable homes of different sizes, types and tenures, including new provision of council homes, to meet the needs of a wide range of different households.
- Homes are energy and water efficient, with built-in resilience to climate change and fuel poverty.

- Homes are affordable to live in, located in high quality sustainable environments with access to employment, retail, leisure and other services where appropriate. They benefit from appropriate green space that enhances natural capital, effective transport links and other necessary infrastructure.
- People from all walks of life live in harmony, within mixed and balanced communities in which homes and communities continue to meet the needs of residents into the future.
- We have strong relationships with residents, developers and partners that enable housing and services to be delivered effectively, and to innovate where appropriate.

Building the right homes that people need and can afford to live in

- Priority 1: Increasing the delivery of homes, including affordable housing, to meet housing need
- Priority 2: Diversifying the housing market and accelerating delivery
- Priority 3: Achieving a high standard of design and quality of new homes and communities

Enabling people to live settled lives

- Priority 4: Improving housing conditions and making best use of existing homes
- Priority 5: Promoting health and wellbeing through housing
- Priority 6: Preventing and tackling homelessness and rough sleeping.

Building strong partnerships

• **Priority 7**: Working with key partners to innovate and maximise resources available

Our Housing Strategy sets out our overarching objectives. It will also help support broader Council objectives:

- Supporting the Economy
- Promoting Health & Wellbeing
- Tackling poverty and Inequality
- Reducing carbon emissions and promoting environmental sustainability

The details of how this strategy links with other strategies and plans is shown at Annex 2.

Local and National Context

Economic Growth

Greater Cambridge is an area of high national and international importance, specialising in science, technology and innovation. It is strategically placed to create co-ordinated growth and investment along the corridors of Cambridge, Milton Keynes & Oxford, London-Stansted-Cambridge and the Cambridge-Norwich agri-tech corridor.

The need for 33,500 new homes across Greater Cambridge has been identified through the two councils' recently adopted Local Plans. The housing sub-markets of Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire are interdependent in supporting sustainable economic growth.

with the close

functional

relationship between

the two areas

recognised through

the Local Plans, and

the Greater

Cambridge

Partnership (GCP).5

This is further

evidenced through

the Cambridge &

Peterborough

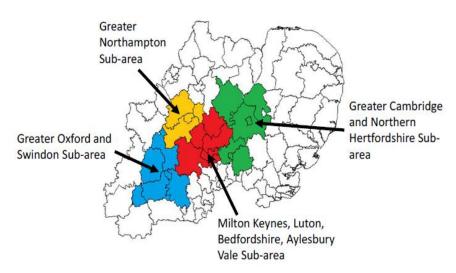
Independent Review

(CPIER)⁶ published in

September 2018 which identified Greater Cambridge (in their report consisting of Cambridge, South Cambridgeshire and parts of Huntingdonshire and East Cambridge) as being one of three economies within the Cambridge & Peterborough Combined Authority area.

Whilst strong economic growth brings with it great opportunities for international recognition, investment into the area and local employment, it also creates challenges in terms of high housing costs and the ability to find suitable affordable accommodation within close commuting distance to places of work.

Investment in transport and infrastructure is also critical to securing the delivery of the region's economic and housing growth and to enable those living in more established communities to access jobs and services.



Cambridge-Milton Keynes-Oxford Corridor

78% of working households who live in Greater Cambridge also work in the area and make up 62% of the overall workforce for Greater Cambridge.

The 'Affordability' Challenge.

Greater Cambridge is an expensive place to buy or rent a home. High prices are fuelled by high demand fuelled by the strength of the local economy and in-migration of highly skilled workers. For those on low incomes, the housing options are scarce with a reliance on social and affordable rented homes; but even so-called 'affordable rent' at up to 80% of market rents is unaffordable to many. There is also a growing 'affordability gap' where middle income households are being squeezed out of the market; with limited housing options for low cost home ownership or the private rented sector. The demand for housing for these groups far outstrips the current supply.

We have undertaken extensive research into the affordability issues for Greater Cambridge.⁷



Gross household income

Cambridge: £37,200 (median) £20,900 (lower quartile)



South Cambs: £43,700 (median) £25,300 (lower quartile

35% of existing households are on lower incomes of less than £30,000 and **26%** have middle incomes between £30,000 - £50,000 in Greater Cambridge

Average house prices Cambridge: £523,193 South Cambs: £433,388



Lower quartile price to income ratio

Cambridge: 16.3 South Cambs: 11.5

Median monthly cost to rent 2 bed house

Cambridge: £1,190 South Cambs: £893



Local Housing Allowance (2 bed house)

£647 per month For Greater Cambridge



See Annex 3 for more key statistics and data sources.

Population Growth

The population of Greater Cambridge is expected to increase by around 26% between 2011 and 2031⁸. The demographic profile is also changing, with the proportion of those aged over 65 significantly increasing, especially within South Cambridgeshire. With an ageing population this presents a challenge for housing health and social care in terms of providing the right type of homes and increased need for health and social care services.

At the other end of the spectrum, Cambridge has one of the 'youngest' populations in the country. People aged 24 and under, including students, make up around 40% of the City's population, and their housing needs tend to be quite different compared to other age groups. ⁹

National Policy

This Housing Strategy sits within the context of a wide range of national strategies and policies.

Housing issues have risen up the national agenda over the last two or three years, with the main focus around boosting supply to support the economy and meet housing demand as well as increasing home ownership. The Grenfell Tower tragedy triggered a new national debate around the quality and management of social housing, and the poverty and inequality affecting so many of those for whom social housing is their only option. These, combined with major

welfare reforms such as Universal Credit, more focus on improving management and conditions in the private rented sector, and changes in how health and social care is commissioned, will all have an influence on our Housing Strategy.

Where the opportunity arises, both authorities continue to lobby government over devolution, to support social care and provide further council housing, and on national policy where it appears to conflict with local needs.

Further details on legislative changes can be found in Annex 4.

Resources

Both Councils have strong ambitions, but resources are inevitably limited. We will continue to make the best use of available resources, as well as seeking additional opportunities to harness appropriate investment from other sources.

The work of the Greater Cambridge Partnership and the Cambridgeshire &

Peterborough Combined Authority will support the activity identified in this Strategy. Their work to promote delivery of new homes and improve infrastructure and transport links will widen the scope for housing delivery and help to ensure that residents of Greater Cambridge can live in sustainable and accessible locations.

The main resources currently available for delivering our Housing Strategy are summarised at Annex 7.

PRIORITY 1: Increasing the delivery of homes, including affordable housing, to meet housing need

Housing is at the core of our ambitions for growth, for jobs and prosperity, for the health and wellbeing of our residents and to ensure that Greater Cambridge is one of the best places to live.

There is a recognised mismatch between growth in employment and the corresponding slower growth in house-building and infrastructure, and the adverse impacts this can have on both people and businesses. ¹⁰ ¹¹ It is therefore essential for local economic success that the pace of delivery of new homes is increased and that we can stimulate the housing market in the case of any market failure. But we also need to make sure that we are providing the right types of homes in the right locations, ensuring these are affordable for those that need to live and work in the area, whilst minimising adverse impacts of growth.

Annex 5 to the Strategy provides further detail on our housing provision requirements, especially in terms of affordable and specialist accommodation.

Housing Need

Through our Local Plans we know that we need to deliver an additional 33,500 homes up to 2031; 19,500 in South Cambridgeshire and 14,000 in Cambridge; with the key challenge that the housing provided is affordable to everyone who wants to live in the area. The CPIER report suggests that higher housing target numbers are likely to be needed if the potential for higher growth in employment is to be met

Moving Forward

Both councils will

- Develop a joint Housing Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) to supplement our Local Plan housing requirements
- Work together to deliver a joint Greater Cambridge Local Plan
- Establish the number of new homes required as part of the development of the joint Greater Cambridge Local Plan, in collaboration with the Combined Authority
- ♦ Assess the housing requirements of groups with specific needs
- Work with registered providers to ensure homes are genuinely affordable to those that need them.
- Prioritise social and affordable rented homes as part of the wider mix of affordable housing
- Provide choice to those aspiring to own their own home by increasing the range of intermediate housing products
- Agree Local Lettings Plans for the affordable housing on larger sites and share those affordable housing allocations between Cambridge and South Cambs.
- Use results of new community surveys and focus groups to improve the design, planning and development of new communities
- ♦ Work with partners to identify the housing needs of the local workforce
- Ensure new developments provide appropriate housing for older people and other groups with specific needs.
- Require social and affordable rents, including service charges, to be capped at Local Housing Allowance rates.

In developing the joint Greater Cambridge Local Plan, a review of housing needs will be undertaken in 2019 building on the new national standard method for calculating local housing need. A further assessment will determine the appropriate size, type and tenure of housing needed for different sections of the community.

Moving Forward-

South Cambridgeshire District Council will:

- ♦ Work with businesses to help themselves to provide homes for their workers
- ♦ Deliver at least 200 council homes over the next 5 years
- ♦ Review what we mean by 'affordable housing' with a focus on 'affordable living'
- Explore opportunities for direct commissioning of land through local authority investment, joint ventures, etc.
- ♦ Explore the potential for a retirement village
- ♦ Work to identify a site or sites for Gypsy and Travellers and Travelling Showpeople

Cambridge City will:

 Deliver at least 500 new council homes funded through the devolution deal including on council owned land

Increasing the supply of housing that is affordable to those on low to median incomes

The majority of new affordable homes will come from private developments and we will continue to work proactively with developers to secure the provision of affordable housing through our Local Plans. See Annex 5, Housing Requirements, for more detail.

In summary, the affordable housing sought on developments will be:

Cambridge City

25% of homes on sites of 10-14 dwellings and 40% of homes on sites of 15 or more dwellings to be affordable, of which:

75% Social housing for rent* 25% Intermediate*

South Cambridgeshire

40% of all homes on sites of 10 or more dwellings to be affordable, of which:

70% Social housing for rent* 30% Intermediate*

*subject to review as part of the Housing SPD All Affordable Rented homes to have rents, including service charges, capped at the Local Housing Allowance Rate. Our preference, wherever possible, is for social rather than affordable rent, to maximise affordability.

We are committed to working proactively with developers to help them find ways of making it viable to deliver our affordable housing requirements. Where developers choose not to work with us in this way we will take a robust approach based on the National Planning Policy Framework and Guidance as to how we scrutinise any viability challenges, to ensure we maximise the affordable housing contribution.

We will continue to prioritise social housing for rent to meet the needs of those on low

incomes who are unable to afford alternative accommodation.

For those aspiring to own their own home we want to offer choice, and will explore alternative models to shared ownership, such as rent to buy. We also want to explore the role that new Private Rented Sector housing can have in broadening housing options.

We need to ensure that homes are affordable to those who need them. As a rough guide, Shelter suggests that affordability should be assessed on the basis that around 35% of net household income spent on housing costs is considered affordable. ¹²

Tackling poverty is a priority for both Councils, and we are committed to building new council homes which are affordable to those on low incomes. Over the years we have seen a historic decline in stock numbers – particularly through Right to Buy sales but we are aiming for this trend to be reversed through our new council building programmes. Cambridge City Council has an ambitious programme to deliver at least 500 new council homes over 5 years following £70m funding via the Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Devolution Deal. South Cambridgeshire currently has a programme to build at least 200 new council homes over the next 5 years with ambitions to double this total following the lifting of the HRA borrowing cap and the potential to apply for Combined Authority funding as part of the £100m available to accelerate the delivery of affordable housing.

Building sustainable and cohesive communities

We will continue to enable delivery of significant development on the fringes of Cambridge and larger new communities, such as Northstowe and Waterbeach, to help meet the housing needs of Greater Cambridge, including the need for affordable housing tenures¹³. Building new communities requires considerable master-planning to ensure we have the right mix of homes in terms of sizes, types and tenures. We also need to ensure early provision of appropriate: infrastructure, retail, leisure and other services; open spaces; and links to the natural environment, to enable residents to live settled, healthy lives from the outset.

To support well balanced and sustainable communities, Local Letting Plans for the allocation of affordable housing will be used for larger developments.

We know that on previous large sites where the infrastructure and facilities are less established this has led to some residents feeling isolated, often leading or contributing to mental ill health. We are committed to learning lessons from past experience to help improve the design, planning and development of new communities going forwards.

Understanding the housing needs of the local economy

Shared ownership homes and alternative intermediate models, such as rent to buy and Private Rented Sector models (PRS), can help support the needs of those on middle incomes who come to work in the area but cannot afford to live locally.

Our shared Home-Link choice based letting scheme is also available for low income workers to apply for social housing for rent.

Both councils are keen to work with local employers and other partners to get a better understanding of the housing needs of the local workforce, to support local services, the local economy and further economic growth.

South Cambridgeshire Priority: Promoting housing for Essential Local Workers

A top priority for South Cambridgeshire
District Council is to reduce commuting travel
and ensure business growth is sustainable
into the future through the provision of
homes specifically targeted to essential local
workers beyond the 'Essential Local Workers'
definition in the NPPF.¹⁴

As well as public sector employees providing frontline services, we also want to take into account the needs of other workers who provide the support services necessary for the economy.

The Council has an 'open door' approach to work with businesses to help themselves in terms of providing exemplar schemes that deliver a range of homes that are provided for and are affordable to their workforce. There may also be potential for needs of essential workers to be met on larger sites close to places of work through local lettings plans to help reduce travel needs.

Building for an Ageing Population

With a rapidly ageing population, both Councils are keen to promote a range of housing options to accommodate people and families throughout their lifetime across all tenures to enable them to live safely and independently for as long as possible. This could be through the provision of 'downsizer" accommodation to enable older people to free up family homes and move to more suitable accommodation of their choice in their local community. In relation to affordable housing, local lettings plans may also be used to give priority to older people wanting to move to smaller homes in particular new housing developments.

We know that loneliness and isolation is one of the biggest issues that affect older people, and we will promote homes that are well located to services and facilities and well integrated into the community, where people of all ages can help support each other.

There are a number of sheltered housing and extra care schemes for older people in the Greater Cambridge area, which enable older people to remain in the community, whilst at the same time having the opportunity to mix more with people of their own age where they choose to do so. Both councils are interested in exploring options for more housing specifically for older people, including new models of housing specifically for older people going forward.

In terms of general housing, both affordable and private, we need to be future-proofing new homes through design so that they can be easily adaptable to enable people to live independently in their own homes as they age. In accordance with our current Local

Plans, all homes within Cambridge City should be built to level M4(2) of the adaptable and accessible building standard with 5% of the affordable housing to be built to wheelchair accessibility standards. For South Cambridgeshire, the current Local Plan seeks 5% of all homes to be built to the accessible and adaptable dwellings M4(2) standard but we will encourage developers to work to this standard where possible. ¹⁵

In addition, from local research carried out by Sheffield Hallam¹⁶, based on projected need for specialist accommodation we will look to secure the following types of accommodation for older people on larger development sites.

Approximately 5% of new supply to be age exclusive homes (likely to take the form of mainstream housing built with older people in mind, i.e. meeting Building Regulations Part 4 (2 or 3).

Around 7% of homes to be specialist housing for older people, where the size of development makes this practicable. This could take the form of care ready type accommodation or extra care.

Appropriate provision of additional care beds.

According to the research, the number of care beds in Greater Cambridge is insufficient to meet existing needs. The provision of care beds that can be funded through social care is a particular issue facing the County Council and we will continue to work with them to identify how we can support the provision of care homes, including places available for spot purchasing beds for those funded through social care. With the increase of older people suffering from dementia, providers of any new specialist accommodation should consider how it can help meet this need, as well as the potential to help hospital discharge through the provision of intermediate care.

South Cambridgeshire Priority: Exploring the Potential for a Retirement Village

South Cambridgeshire District Council is keen to explore the potential for a retirement village in the District that provides a retirement lifestyle with a real community spirit where people want to live, alongside affordable homes for care workers needed to support older people with more complex needs.

The Council is also keen to understand the role that existing mobile home parks play in the District to meet the accommodation needs of older people, and whether this type of accommodation should be supported in the future mix of homes provided.

Promoting specialist and other types of housing

We will continue to develop partnership working with appropriate organisations (see partnership diagram under priority 7 below) to ensure that sufficient support is available for those at greatest risk in our communities, including young people, families with young children, young people leaving care, exoffenders, those suffering from domestic abuse and asylum seekers. Where purpose built accommodation is required, we will work with both commissioners and developers to secure appropriate accommodation on new developments.

Students form a significant part of Cambridge's population and the two universities make a major contribution to the local economy. Provision of new student housing is to be closely aligned with growth in University student numbers and can contribute towards balanced and mixed communities. However, consideration needs to be given to the scale and impact of any such development on local residential amenity. How proposals for new student accommodation will be dealt with is detailed in Cambridge City Council's Local Plan.

Homes for Gypsies & Travellers and Houseboat Dwellers

Everyone should have the right to a decent home, be that in traditional housing or through other cultural or lifestyle choices. Under the Housing & Planning Act 2016, local authorities have a duty to assess the housing needs of both those residing in caravans and on inland waterways where houseboats can be moored. A key priority for South Cambridgeshire District Council is to identify new sites to accommodate those that wish to live in a caravan. Although a recent assessment did not identify any need for Gypsy & Traveller sites for those meeting the planning definition, it did show a need to provide sites for those residing in caravans who no longer travelled, as well as pitches to accommodate Travelling Showpeople. 17

Across Greater Cambridge there has also been a noticeable increase over the last year or so

in the number of temporary unauthorised encampments, particularly involving gypsies and travellers needing to access hospital treatment. As part of the Council's action to identify new sites, we will look to see how we can best accommodate those stopping temporarily in the District.

In terms of houseboat dwellers, there is currently space for around seventy residential boats plus some additional space for visitors, on the river Cam. A site to the north of the City has been allocated for off-river residential moorings, and the Local Plan supports appropriate delivery of residential moorings where they meet agreed criteria. As we develop the Joint Local Plan from 2019, a full assessment of need for these groups will be undertaken.

PRIORITY 2: Diversifying the housing market & accelerating housing delivery

Everyone has different needs when it comes to the homes people live in. We want to create a place where people have choice, through ensuring that a wide range of different types of housing are available, which at the same time can help accelerate rates of delivery. We also want to provide diversity in how homes are delivered so we are not solely reliant on a handful of developers to build the homes, including the affordable housing that we need.

We are also keen to explore new ways of delivering different types of housing - such as community-led development, including cooperative-housing & Community Land Trusts and self-build homes.

Encouraging investment for purpose-built Private Rented Sector Housing (PRS)

The Councils want to gain a better understanding of the local need and demand for purpose-built private rented sector (PRS) accommodation; and of the relationship between large PRS schemes and the ability to create settled and cohesive communities.

We recognise that PRS can meet the needs of households on a range of incomes, from those who are unlikely to be considered for social housing for rent to those who can afford but do not want to own their own home. We also recognise PRS can help accelerate overall housing build-out rates on large strategic sites. Subject to clear evidence of need, we may consider proposals for new PRS as part of a wider housing mix. Any such homes provided should remain available as PRS for an agreed period.

Moving Forward

Both councils will:

- Carry out further research to identify need and demand for purpose-built private rented sector housing(PRS)
- Develop a set of local requirements to inform development of PRS schemes that are appropriate to the area
- Work with developers to accelerate delivery, eg through off-site and modular construction homes and supporting SME builders to bring forward smaller sites
- Review outstanding planning permissions and work with developers to ensure that schemes are built out in a timely manner

South Cambridgeshire District Council will:

- Explore what role development of new HMOs could play locally in providing an affordable housing option for single people
- Seek opportunities, where viable, for Ermine Street Housing to be an active private sector landlord for new developments in the District, including exploring the potential to deliver and manage HMOs.
- Deliver self- and custom-build housing plots on new developments to meet identified demand
- Work with local communities to secure the development they need
- Implement a programme for delivering homes on exception sites in our villages.

Cambridge City will:

- Seek opportunities, where financially viable, to buy back new market homes on our own developments to provide as intermediate tenure homes.
- Review our approach to self- and custom-build housing in line with statutory requirements

They need to be of high quality, well managed and offer longer term tenancies, as well as options for tenants to end tenancies sooner where it meets their needs.

Where the need for PRS has been identified we will seek a range of unit sizes and household types and income levels, including appropriate provision of Affordable Private Rent.

Houses in Multiple Occupation

Well managed HMOs have an important part to play in meeting housing needs, offering a more affordable housing solution for single low income households. With HMOs predominantly located in Cambridge, the City Council's Local Plan supports provision of good quality, larger HMOs, in appropriate locations. At the same time the Council will seek to avoid over concentration of provision

in an area, and to minimise any potential adverse impact on neighbouring occupiers through its registration scheme.

As part of the development of the larger strategic sites we will explore what role newbuild HMOs can also play within South Cambridgeshire.

South Cambridgeshire priority: Promoting self-build & custom build housing

With just under 400 applicants on the self-build register in South Cambridgeshire, there is an expectation that new developments will support this need and we will be seeking around 5% of homes on large sites to be for self or custom build. The Council have also identified over 100 plots of council-owned land to help meet this demand, with the proceeds going towards funding new council homes. This initiative ensures that the Council gets best value from small sites on which it would not be financially viable to build single council houses.

There may also be scope to promote self-build for households wishing to downsize where there is development potential within their own garden land subject to Local Plan policy. In addition, both Councils are currently working together to share best practice and identify ways for a joint approach in terms of the self-build/custom-build registers and the best ways to meet the demand.



Exploring off-site and modular construction



Innovative and new ways of developing housing more quickly and cheaply than through more traditional construction methods are emerging. Although this is unlikely to completely replace existing housebuilding methods, at least for now, it does offer opportunities for the Councils to consider more innovative ways of promoting delivery through their own development programmes, and for supporting carbon reduction and other sustainability objectives.

Increasing the role of small & medium size enterprise builders (SMEs)

Both Councils want to promote diversity in the market, to help speed up delivery and provide a wider range of housing options. We are keen to work with SME builders to bring forward smaller sites that provide variety in the market to meet local needs. The councils will seek to identify land to accommodate at least 10% of our housing requirement on sites no larger than one hectare, in accordance with the National Planning Policy. This will help to ensure that land is available for small to medium sized housebuilders to develop.

Increasing rates of build out

Measures above aimed at diversifying the housing market can also help to accelerate the delivery of housing, which in turn can help us to address affordable housing need more effectively.

We await the government's response to recommendations from the recent Letwin review of build out rates, to assess whether there is more we can do to speed up delivery. 18

South Cambridgeshire Priority: Supporting our villages to remain vibrant and sustainable for the future

With just over 100 villages within South Cambridgeshire District, a high priority for the Council is to promote vibrancy and sustainability to enable villages to grow and flourish through appropriate development supported by the local community. We want to make sure that we keep our villages alive, where communities thrive and support networks are created. Our villages should be places where people want and can afford to live in, that offer easy access to work and play.

Maintaining the social fabric of our villages is important; helping young people to stay close to family networks through providing homes they can afford to live in, as well as homes for the older generation who want to stay in the village but need more suitable accommodation. In turn, this will help to sustain village facilities, such as local shops, schools and community activities.

South Cambridgeshire District has an excellent track record for promoting rural exception sites, with around 180 new affordable homes built over the last five years. Whilst providing affordable rented housing for local people is still a priority, we want to extend this to cater for a wider range of households through different intermediate products, such as shared ownership and rent to buy. The Local Plan also allows a small proportion of market homes to support sites coming forward which can help to meet local needs in rural areas. Where there are groups of smaller settlements, development in one village may support services in a village nearby and meet housing need within a wider catchment area.

As well as building homes for local people through the exception sites policy, the introduction of entry-level exception sites that

provide homes suitable for first time buyers will support our ambitions in terms of economic development and enabling people to come and live in the District close to places of work. This will also help to reinvigorate villages providing a range of housing opportunities for young families on middle incomes to live in our villages.

For villages that have received large planning permissions for developments whilst the Council did not have a five year land supply, this does offer opportunity for communities to work with us to ensure any new development benefits local people, such as homes for first time buyers, older people's accommodation, etc.

We will continue to work with local communities to help them secure the development they want to see through Neighbourhood Plans, Village Design Statements, community-led housing and the promotion of affordable and entry-level housing through exception sites policies.



PRIORITY 3: Achieving a high standard of design and quality of new homes and communities

It's not just the cost of rents and mortgages which determine whether a home is affordable but also service charges and running costs, including costs associated with heating a home. We want to see homes built that are environmentally sustainable, and to encourage well-designed developments, especially in terms of on-site renewable energy and low carbon technologies, and promoting biodiversity.

We need to ensure that homes are of good quality, and that communities are well-designed with access to sufficient facilities and open spaces. New communities need to be effectively integrated with existing, more established communities so that everyone can benefit from new developments.

Cambridge City Council has published its Sustainable Housing Design Guide as to the standards expected in its own council new build programme and as a guide for developers to follow. ¹⁹ The City Council's Climate Change Strategy 2016-2021 aims to achieve zero carbon status in Cambridge by 2050 and stresses the importance of new developments being designed to both respond to and mitigate against climate change.²⁰

Whilst South Cambridgeshire District Council has a Design Guide SPD²¹ and specific policies within its current Local Plan, one of the key priorities for the Council is to do more to drive up standards and make South Cambridgeshire a 'greener' sustainable place to live. The Council have also pledged to beat government targets and reduce local carbon emissions to zero by 2050.

New homes need to be flexible to meet the needs of a range of household types and sizes, and to meet individual households' changing needs over time. All new homes have to meet the nationally described space standards²².

Moving Forwards

Both councils will:

- Drive up standards for environmental sustainability including onsite renewable energy and low carbon technologies.
- Develop a joint Sustainable Design and Construction SPD
- Help shape the planned update of the Cambridgeshire Quality Charter for Growth.
- Ensure that housing, in particular affordable housing, is developed alongside the provision of community infrastructure
- Future-proof the design of new homes so that as residents age, homes can be easily adapted to meet changing needs
- Ensure all new homes meet the nationally described space standards as a minimum.

South Cambridgeshire District Council will:

 Work with communities to develop individual Village Design Statements

Cambridge City will:

 Use the Sustainable Housing Design Guide to support good housing design in our own developments and promote amongst other developers Having easily adaptable homes as a household's circumstances change also helps support people to live independent lives. An ageing population means we must future-proof the design of our homes now, so that as we age homes can be easily adapted to avoid the need for expensive specialist housing. Whilst the Lifetime Homes Standard has been superseded, we will, wherever possible, build to M4(2) adaptable and accessible standards ourselves and encourage other house builders to do so.



Hill Farm, Foxton (new council homes)

Finalist – Building Excellence Awards 2018

Best social or affordable new housing development

We also need to be delivering homes and wider infrastructure that are designed with a view to new technologies, including the move towards a digital connected future. This will support a range of groups, including those seeking employment, those that want to work from home, and those for whom assistive technology can reduce the need for care. We are working towards a Joint Sustainable Design & Construction SPD which will set out our approach to new technology.

INSERT MORE PHOTOS OF WELL DESIGNED HOMES

PRIORITY 4: Improving housing conditions and making best use of existing homes

Everyone has the right to live in a decent home and whilst we have an ambitious programme for building new homes in future years that are well designed and energy & water efficient, we must not forget that the majority of residents live in existing homes, and as many of the homes are older they are likely to be less insulated and expensive to heat.

Promoting energy and water efficiency

It is estimated that around 40% of UK emissions come from households, with up to 50% coming from heating and electricity. ²³ As well as the effects on our environment, it can also be damaging to the health and wellbeing of residents where homes cannot be heated properly, with an estimated 11.5% of households in fuel poverty in Cambridge, and 8% in South Cambridgeshire.²⁴

We therefore have a responsibility to ensure that housing across all tenures meets a high standard for residents and supports our goals to reduce the overall carbon footprint. We will continue to promote greener and energy & water efficient solutions for council tenants and home-owners, and where necessary take enforcement action where private landlords fail to meet the expected standards.

Ensuring our council homes and environments are of high standard

As stock holding authorities, we maintain and manage over 12,200 properties for rent, (7,000 in the City and 5,200 in South Cambridgeshire) accounting for 11% of the overall homes in Greater Cambridge.

Having high quality responsive services is something that tenants and leaseholders have identified as particularly important. We know also that the physical appearance of the outside of homes is important to tenants and needs to feature in our investment plans.

Moving Forwards

Both councils will:

- Promote greener and energy efficient solutions for home-owners and where necessary take action where private landlords fail to meet expected standards.
- Ensure council homes continue to be well managed and maintained
- Invest in the fabric of our council homes for optimum energy and water efficiency, and ensure they remain good quality homes that people want to live in
- → Support tenants through the implementation of Universal Credit.
- Work to ensure HMOs are licensed where required
- Support private landlords in managing their homes, and take enforcement action against the minority of landlords who do not meet required standards

Cambridge City will:

♦ Continue to be pro-active in bringing empty homes back into use. Significant investment has been made in maintaining our homes to a good standard and making them more energy efficient. This will continue to be a priority for us in terms of improving our homes and we will work towards any additional requirements following the government's proposed review of the Decent Homes Standard.

Cambridge City Council has also committed to investing in a five year programme of environmental improvements to our council housing estates.

South Cambridgeshire District Council has an ongoing programme of improving the energy

efficiency of council homes. This includes the installation of solar panels, improving thermal insulation and upgrading heating systems; and actively seeking to use renewable technologies where possible, such as air source heat pumps.

The roll-out of Universal Credit could have a significant impact on our tenants' welfare, including the ability to pay their rent. This in turn could have a knock-on effect in terms of the Councils' rental income, reducing the funding available to invest in homes and services. We will prioritise the support we can give to tenants to ensure they are able to claim and pay their rent on time.

Making sure private rented homes are of good quality and well managed

The number of private rented homes in Greater Cambridge has seen a significant increase, especially in Cambridge. Housing conditions tend to be worse in private rented accommodation, with an estimated 18% of private rented homes in Cambridge and 15.3% in South Cambridgeshire not meeting the required Health & Safety standards. ^{25 26} The Councils have an important role to play in improving management and conditions in the private rented sector. We will actively support landlords in meeting their responsibilities in this area, but will take enforcement action against the minority of landlords who do not

meet the expected standard. The government has recently introduced new requirements for councils to register landlords who do not manage or maintain their properties appropriately, together with new financial penalties that should help drive up the standards in private rented accommodation.

In terms of Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMOs), the classification has been broadened to include smaller HMOs which must be compulsorily licensed. It is estimated that as many as 1,700 additional HMOs may need to be licensed in Greater Cambridge; around 1,000 in Cambridge and 700 in South Cambridgeshire.

Bringing Empty Homes back into use

Having homes sitting empty when we have such a high demand for housing is a wasted resource. Long-term empty homes can also have a detrimental impact on the wider community, making streets or neighbourhoods appear neglected and uncared for. Whilst the number of long term empty homes is low compared to many other parts of the country and represents less than 1% of the total Greater Cambridge housing stock, it is important that we work with

owners to try and bring homes back into use. ²⁷ For example, both Councils' Council Tax schemes include elements designed to help dis-incentivise people from leaving homes empty for long periods. ²⁸ ²⁹ South Cambridgeshire District Council offers advice and support and refers owner-occupiers to its housing companies Ermine Street Housing and Shire Homes Lettings with a view to increasing the availability of private rented housing. ³⁰

Cambridge City Council Priority: Empty Homes Policy

Tackling empty homes is a particular priority for the City Council. The council, through its Empty Homes Policy, actively supports owners of long-term empty homes to bring them back into use. ³¹ This includes providing informal advice and assistance to owners, and providing interest free loans to enable such homes to be brought up to standard.

Where loans are offered, this is on the basis that the management will be taken over council's social lettings agency, Town Hall Lettings, (or another not for profit provider) Where working directly with owners is unsuccessful, the council may go on to use its enforcement powers, including serving Improvement Notices or ultimately resorting to Compulsory Purchase. 32

PRIORITY 5: Promoting Health & Wellbeing through housing

Poor and/or unsuitable housing, and lack of appropriate community infrastructure, can have a significant effect on people's physical and mental health and wellbeing. In addition, a cold home can lead to respiratory and other diseases, and unsuitable homes can increase trips and falls. Our aim is to help people live safely and independently at home, and encourage residents to be active participants in community life to combat loneliness and isolation.

We will continue to work with partners to improve the integration of housing, health and social care services, including the planning and delivery of new developments, reviewing how we deliver Disabled Facilities Grants (DFGs) and home adaptations, and supporting the county-wide 'Housing Options for Older People' project to help families make informed housing choices as they grow older³³.

Improving support to people in their homes

Over the years we have seen a changing tenant profile within our own council homes with an increase in the number of tenants experiencing mental health issues. This has resulted in us moving towards a much more intensive housing management service to help support the needs of our tenants. This is a growing problem generally, with people with complex needs ending up as homeless because there is no where else to turn for support. Often homelessness is a symptom, rather than the cause of mental ill health. We will continue to work with partners to ensure that there is appropriate support and provision available to meet increasing demand.

With continuing reductions in health and social care budgets, it is essential that we work together to ensure that our support services are sustainable for the future. Early intervention and prevention is crucial in helping to reduce costs and provide a better quality of life for residents.

Moving Forwards

Both councils will:

- Work with partners to improve the integration of housing, health and social care and support service transformation.
- Work with partners to ensure that there is appropriate support and provision available to meet increasing demand from those suffering with complex health issues.
- Implement the proposed Cambridgeshire-wide repairs and adaptations policy to help improve housing conditions and deliver health and social care outcomes.
- Support the new Housing Options for Older People scheme and monitor the impact on existing services.
- Promote digital inclusion through training up 'champions' to help others get online.
- Work with partners to help tackle loneliness and isolation.
- Explore opportunities for joint intergenerational work, particularly across the Councils' sheltered housing schemes.
- Work with health and social care partners to develop a sustainable approach to revenue funding for our shared Home Improvement Agency.
- Continue to engage with the Cambridgeshire Community Safety Partnership in tackling crime and anti-social behaviour

Tackling poverty and inequality

Welfare reforms are impacting on residents across all tenures. For example, low Local Housing Allowance (LHA) rates compared with local private rents make it increasingly difficult for benefit claimants to rent privately in Greater Cambridge, and the overall benefit cap is already affecting a number of local families. The full local roll out of Universal Credit from 2018 onwards will also have an impact. Both Councils are working on a number of projects in this area.

Cambridge, in a recent study, was identified as the most unequal city in the UK. ³⁴ The City Council's work is co-ordinated through its Anti-Poverty Strategy.

INSERT SOME INFO GRAPHICS

This includes actions around, for example: supporting residents to access benefits and respond to the impacts of welfare reform; provision of debt and other financial advice, supporting people to reduce their fuel and water bills, and supporting people into work and training.

As part of South Cambridgeshire's Financial Inclusion Strategy, the District Council supports the local credit union to provide access to banking for its tenants.³⁵
Working in partnership with Mears a specialist support worker is also employed to provide help and advice to tenants who are struggling financially.

Promoting Digital Inclusion

Supporting people to develop digital skills and get online is important for a number of reasons. It can help to reduce poverty – eg enabling people to make use of benefits and financial and other services which are increasingly only readily available online, access employment, and make savings on utility bills.

It can also help to tackle social isolation. Both Councils are involved in projects to promote digital inclusion, including actively working to train up 'champions' who can then help others to get online. Cambridge City Council's activities in this area are outlined in the council's Digital Access Strategy.³⁶

Combating Loneliness

The issue of loneliness is rising up the national agenda, particularly in relation to older people, with an estimated 1.2 million chronically lonely older people in the UK.³⁷ Both Councils are working with partners on initiatives to tackle loneliness, including work

on improving digital access as well as improving planning on new developments. As part of this we want to explore opportunities for joint inter-generational work, particularly across the Councils' sheltered housing schemes.

Tackling Crime and Anti Social Behaviour

Both Councils treat anti-social behaviour and hate crime seriously, engaging proactively with partners and the wider community in

terms of both prevention and in dealing with complaints and issues as they arise.

PRIORITY 6: Preventing and Tackling Homelessness and Rough Sleeping

Preventing and tackling homelessness requires a coordinated and strategic response, and involves partnership working across a wide range of statutory and voluntary agencies.

The new Homelessness Reduction Act, which came into force in 2018, introduced new responsibilities for housing authorities. Both councils worked together to review their approaches to dealing with homelessness in preparation for the new Act.

South Cambridgeshire has its own Homelessness Strategy for the district, and a full review of homelessness was undertaken in early 2018 to inform that strategy.

In Cambridge City, issues and approaches to homelessness and rough sleeping are detailed in the council's Homelessness & Rough Sleeping Action Plan. These are reviewed on an ongoing basis in partnership with a range of agencies through its Housing Strategy Improvement Partnership. A Homelessness Summit, with a particular focus on rough sleeping, also took place in 2017 with the City Council and a range of partners.

This Greater Cambridge Housing Strategy does not seek to replace the councils' strategies and action plans referred to above. Instead this chapter, together with Annex 6, highlights some of the issues and priorities dealt with in more detail in those other strategies.

Moving Forwards

Both councils will:

- ♦ Work with partners to prevent homelessness
- Continue to lobby government around impact of welfare policy on affordability in the private rented sector
- Review the impact of the Homelessness Reduction Act on our lettings policies.
- Prepare for the roll out of Universal Credit and assess what further actions may be needed to prevent homelessness following implementation.
- Help shape the county-wide review of housing related support, to ensure that the districts can continue to effectively meet their homelessness prevention obligations.
- Improve our understanding of the issues faced by people discharged from prison, and our approach to preventing homelessness amongst ex-offenders.

South Cambridgeshire District Council will:

- Review existing information available to those facing homelessness.
- ♦ Review the Rent Deposit Guarantee Scheme
- ❖ Increase the number of homes available to rent through the Council's private sector leasing scheme - Shire Homes Lettings
- *♦* Publish a Homelessness Strategy in 2018.

Cambridge City will:

- ♦ Keep our strategic approach to homelessness and our homelessness strategy action plan under ongoing review
- Extend the Housing First training flats scheme by sourcing additional homes with live-in support, including through our own housing development programme

Homelessness: some of the issues

Cuts in welfare funding, combined with high housing costs, and low Local Housing Allowance rates, mean that people on low incomes are becoming increasingly vulnerable to homelessness. This is evidenced by the number of homeless people coming through our doors, which has significantly increased over the last five years; with the main reasons being the loss of a private tenancy, eviction by friends / family and relationship breakdown. Through our prevention work, the number of people we have successfully helped to prevent or relieve homelessness has increased over the years, with nearly 1,500 households supported in 2017/18.

To date we have been able to use Discretionary Housing Payments to help some households to deal with the welfare changes, however this will not be enough going forwards to cover the loss of benefits which some households will experience as they move over to Universal Credit.

The mismatch between the Local Housing Allowance rate for Greater Cambridge based on the Broad Rental Market Area (BRMA)and the actual costs of private rents in the area, make it extremely difficult for those on benefits to secure private rented accommodation. We will continue to lobby government at every opportunity to align the BRMA with actual rents.

Single homelessness is on the rise across Greater Cambridge,. Both Councils are involved in a number of initiatives with partners to help prevent single people from becoming homeless especially in terms of supporting those with mental health problems. We know that ex-offenders being discharged from prison is one of the groups particularly at risk of becoming homeless and we will continue to work with partners to improve the support available.

For those who we require temporary accommodation, the use of Bed & Breakfast has been kept to a minimum and we will only use this form of temporary housing as a last resort.

Cambridge City priority: Tackling Rough Sleeping

Cambridge City, as a largely urban area, has a tendency to attract rough sleepers from a wide area.

Partners have reported a significant increase over recent years in the number of rough sleepers with mental health problems, many of whom also have alcohol or substance misuse issues. Some engage in street-based anti-social behaviour and begging. Not all rough sleepers are homeless, but have

tenancies, and such behaviours can put tenancies at risk.

The Council's focus has been moving away from short term hostel accommodation for single homeless people and rough sleepers, towards supporting partner agencies in the provision of one-to one support and reablement services, including development of skills and employment. We also operate a reconnections policy to reconnect rough sleepers to where they came from.

Increasing the supply of private rented housing for those on low incomes.

To help tackle the difficulties experienced by people on low incomes, Cambridge City Council's social lettings agency Town Hall Lettings (THL)works to secure private rented housing for single people. More recently, some market homes provided on our own new developments have been bought back by our arms length housing company (CCHC Ltd) and let out through THL at sub-market rents.

South Cambridgeshire District Council have also set up Shire Homes Lettings, to take forward the management of the private sector leasing scheme which provides affordable, good quality private rented accommodation in the District to help prevent homelessness.

Homelessness Trailblazer

Both Councils are signed up to making homelessness 'the unacceptable outcome' as part of a wider multi-agency partnership across Cambridgeshire and Peterborough.

The number one priority is to help prevent homelessness occurring in the first place, helping people to help themselves before they hit crisis point.

Funding for housing related support

The County Council's review of housing related support is likely to see a reduction in funding available. Many of the homelessness services provided in Greater Cambridge are run by local charities and organisations and are reliant on long term funding security in order for them to operate viable services.

In the context of shrinking resources there are likely to be significant challenges for the county and district councils in terms of the support available, and we will continue to work in partnership with the County Council to enable us to continue supporting those who are homeless or threatened with homelessness.

Cambridge City Council Priority: Housing First

Housing First is a relatively new approach in England, aimed at supporting homeless people with multiple and complex needs. It involves providing a secure home, together with personalised support. Providing a home first can provide a stable platform from which other issues can be addressed.

Cambridge City Council is working to deliver a number of Housing First schemes, including a model with on-site accommodation for a tenant who will provide an essential link to support services, on some of its new developments on council owned land.

PRIORITY 7: Working with key partners to innovate and maximise resources available

Although this is the Housing Strategy for Cambridge City and South Cambridgeshire District Councils, it is clear that we cannot work alone; we rely on working closely with a whole range of partners to help meet our objectives.

In the context of national policy and reduced national funding available for local government, the Councils face challenging times in terms of meeting our statutory obligations and our wider objectives. Forming strong investment partnerships can help to strengthen our position in terms of financial capacity and applying for available funding, and we will work with partners to innovate and maximise the resources available.

The success of this strategy and the economic growth of Greater Cambridge can only be achieved through strong partnership working and collaboration with both private and public sectors.

Developers and Registered Providers (RPs)

By far the largest investors in new housing are private developers, through direct provision of new homes and through s106 contributions to affordable housing and other facilities and infrastructure. Both authorities are keen to strengthen relationships with existing and potential developers of all sizes, to help ensure that the right homes are delivered in the right places, together with timely provision of infrastructure.

Registered housing providers (housing associations) also have an important role to play in the growth of Greater Cambridge, providing the majority of new affordable homes. Their commitment to invest in the area is critical to delivering the affordable homes that we need. It is estimated that for every £1 of public funding received, registered providers will invest a further £6 to deliver affordable housing in the area.³⁸

Moving Forwards

Both councils will:

- Work proactively to build on existing and new relationships with key organisations, housing associations and developers.
- Work closely with the Greater Cambridge Partnership and the Cambridge & Peterborough Combined Authority to secure investment into the area to support infrastructure and affordable housing.
- Explore investment opportunities with the Greater Cambridge Partnership to directly commission housing development that will specifically help address the affordability challenges facing essential local workers.
- Actively engage with partners through the Housing Board and other key forums
- ♦ Support the Combined Authority in the development and delivery of their new housing strategy

South Cambridgeshire District Council will:

Work with the Combined Authority to ensure that schemes are identified locally for the Combined Authority's £100m Housing Fund.

Cambridge City Council will:

Continue to work through Cambridge Investment Partnership to deliver new affordable homes on some of the council's own sites Quality of management of affordable housing is important, and the councils would urge developers to take this into account when selecting Registered Providers. We are keen to engage with RPs at the earliest possible stage when new developments come forward.

Cambridge Investment Partnership (CIP) has been set up as a joint venture between Cambridge City Council and Hill Investment Partnerships to develop sites to meet the need for housing, and in particular high quality affordable housing in Cambridge.

Greater Cambridge Partnership³⁹

The Greater Cambridge Partnership is the local delivery body for a City Deal with central Government, bringing powers and investment worth up to £1 billion over 15 years to help secure sustainable economic growth and quality of life for the people of Greater Cambridge.

The partnership is working with the Councils and the business community to sustain the economic growth taking place within Cambridge, and helping to deliver on our aspirations for the Greater Cambridge area, including accelerating delivery of the 33,500 new homes required and supporting the 44,000 new jobs coming to the area.

In terms of housing investment, given the affordability challenges facing local workers, the Councils are keen to work with the Greater Cambridge Partnership to explore investment opportunities. The Greater Cambridge Partnership aims to work with partner authorities to help address delivery challenges and bring forward vital essential worker housing, both of which are key in order to support the continued economic growth of Greater Cambridge and beyond.



Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Combined Authority⁴⁰

The Cambridgeshire & Peterborough
Combined Authority was established in 2017,
following a devolution deal with central
government. Powers and funding devolved to
the Combined Authority are being used to
facilitate delivery of new homes, economic
growth, local infrastructure, and jobs across
the area. As part of the 'housing offer' the
Combined Authority secured funding of
£100m towards the acceleration of the
delivery of affordable housing across

Cambridgeshire and Peterborough by 2022, with a further £70m allocated to Cambridge City for the delivery of 500 new council homes.

Both councils are keen to work with the Combined Authority to support the development and delivery of their new Housing Strategy, to help them to achieve the best housing outcomes for our areas.

We are keen to ensure that an appropriate proportion of the Combined Authority's £100m funding is available to help alleviate housing pressures in the Greater Cambridge area. South Cambridgeshire District Council in

particular will work closely with the Combined Authority to ensure that the District is supported in terms of the investment needed to support the economic growth and affordability issues facing the area.

The Housing Board

We work closely with partners through the Housing Board covering Cambridgeshire, Peterborough and West Suffolk; including the local councils, registered providers and public health. The Board works collaboratively on strategic housing issues, and has been responsible for commissioning a number of major projects, including our sub-regional Choice Based Lettings System (Home-Link) and Strategic Housing Market Assessment; and securing funding for partnership projects.



Cambridgeshire | Peterborough | West Suffolk

Health and social care partners

We as districts have an important role to play in supporting physical and mental health and wellbeing, and enabling people to live safely and independently at home. We also provide and/or fund a number of services which can help prevent hospital or care home admission, and speed up transfers of care from hospitals.

In turn, many of our services can help reduce health and social care system expenditure. For example, it is estimated that fixing Category 1 hazards in England could generate an NHS cost saving of around £1.4bn per annum in first year treatment costs. ⁴³ It is also suggested that every £1 spent on handyperson services could generate £4.28 in savings to health and social care services.

We are committed to strengthening partnership working in this area, to support service transformation and achieve improved outcomes for local residents.

Other partners

The diagram overleaf demonstrates the main inter-linkages and partnerships that support the ambitions for Greater Cambridge.

We will continue to work with a whole host of other partners linking the many activities associated with good housing, health and wellbeing, and economic growth.



Greater Cambridge Housing Strategy 2019-2022

Supporting the delivery of new homes which people can afford, including homes for essential local workers and older people

Improving existing housing conditions and providing support to those that need it

Helping people to maintain and sustain a home – making homelessness the unacceptable outcome

Key Partners:

Greater Cambridge Partnership
Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Combined Authority
Cambridgeshire County Council
Homes England
Registered Providers
(inc. Homes for Cambridgeshire & Peterborough)
Private Developers

Key Forums:

Cambridge Sub Regional Strategic Housing Group Sub Regional Housing Provider & Enabler Forum Chief Planning Officers & Planning Policy Forum Cambridge Ahead (Business & Academic Member Group) Older People's Strategy & Extra Care Group

Resident Involvement Groups
Cambridge Clinical Commissioning Group
Cambridgeshire County Council (inc. Social Care)

Cambridgeshire Home Improvement Agency Health & Wellbeing Board Cambridgeshire Community Safety Partnership

Chronically excluded adults service
Cambridgeshire County Council
Registered Providers providing hostel accommodation
Home-Link Management Board & Operations Group
Youth Accommodation Forum
Mental Health Accommodation Forum
Trailblazer Steering Group
Residents at Risk Group

Multi Agency Public Protection Arrangements Group (MAPPA)

Multi Agency Risk Assessment Conference Group (MARAC)

Sub Regional Homelessness Group

Homelessness & rough sleeping partners

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